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## Indirect experimental technique for constraining the $^{193,194}\text{Ir}(n,\gamma)$ cross sections

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The formation of elements, particularly those heavier than iron, predominantly occurs through two neutron capture processes: slow neutron capture process and rapid neutron capture process, each contributing approximately 50%. These are known as the s- and r-processes, respectively [1].

The neutron capture reactions  $^{192}\text{Ir}(n,\gamma)^{193}\text{Ir}$  and  $^{193}\text{Ir}(n,\gamma)^{194}\text{Ir}$  were indirectly studied by analyzing data obtained from the Oslo Cyclotron Laboratory (OCL). These data enabled the study of the  $^{193,194}\text{Ir}$  isotopes, originating from the  $^{192}\text{Os}(\alpha,\text{t}\gamma)$  and  $^{192}\text{Os}(\alpha,\text{d}\gamma)$  reactions, respectively. The  $^{193}\text{Ir}(n,\gamma)^{194}\text{Ir}$  cross sections constrained by our measurements provided a comparison to existing (n,γ) measurement data [2]. Additionally, the  $^{192}\text{Ir}(n,\gamma)^{193}\text{Ir}$  reaction maps a branching point in the s-process, making it highly significant. However, directly measuring the (n,γ) cross section is challenging due to the instability of  $^{192}\text{Ir}$ . Therefore, the OCL data provided valuable information on the  $^{192}\text{Ir}(n,\gamma)^{193}\text{Ir}$  cross section by indirectly constraining it using the experimental nuclear level density (NLD) and γ-strength function (γSF).

An array of Sodium Iodine (NaI)Tl detectors, called CACTUS, detected γ-rays, while the silicon particle telescope array, called SiRi, was used to detect charged particles in coincidence. The NLDs and γSFs were extracted below the neutron separation energy,  $S_n$ , using the Oslo Method [3]. Furthermore, the NLDs and γSFs were used as inputs in the open-source code TALYS to calculate the neutron capture cross-sections and Maxwellian averaged neutron capture cross sections (MACS) for  $^{193,194}\text{Ir}$ . Final results of this study will be presented in comparison to existing data.

[1] Arnould, M., Goriely, S., and Takahashi, K. (2007). *Physics Reports*, 450(4-6), 97-213.

[2] Zerkov, V. V., and Pritychenko, B. (2018). *The experimental nuclear reaction data (EXFOR)* 888, 31-43.

[3] Schiller, A., Bergholt, L., Guttormsen, M., Melby, E., Rekstad, J., and Siem, S. (2000). *Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research Section A: Accelerators, Spectrometers, Detectors and Associated Equipment*, 447(3), 498-511.

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